EXHIBIT Q

1 2 3	G. HOPKINS GUY, III (STATE BAR NO. <u>State</u> 124811) I. NEEL CHATTERJEE (STATE BAR NO. <u>S</u> 173985) MONTE COOPER (STATE BAR NO. <u>S</u> State B	tate Bar No. ar No. 196746)						
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9	FACEBOOK, INC. and MARK ZUCKERBER	<u>G</u>						
10	SUPERIOR UNITED STATES D	DISTRICT COURT OF THE STATE						
11		RICT OF CALIFORNIA						
12		LARA SAN JOSE DIVISION						
13		<u> </u>						
14	THEFACEBOOK, INC., and	CASE NO. 105 507-CV 047381 -01389-						
15	MARK ZUCKERBERG,	RS						
16	Plaintiff,	THEFACEBOOK, INC'SPLAINTIFFS' [PROPOSED] SECOND AMENDED						
17	Plaintiffs.	COMPLAINT FOR VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA PENAL CODE § 502(C);						
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19	CONNECTU, INC. (formerly known as CONNECTU, LLC), CAMERON	MISAPPROPRIATION / UNFAIR COMPETITION; VIOLATION OF						
20	WINKLEVOSS, TYLER WINKLEVOSS, HOWARD WINKLEVOSS, DIVYA	MASSACHUSETTS GENERAL LAW 93A; 18 U.						
21	NARENDRA, <u>PACIFIC NORTHWEST</u> <u>SOFTWARE, INC., WINSTON WILLIAMS</u> ,	S.C. § 1030; AND 15 U.S.C. §§ 7704 AND 7705						
22	WAYNE CHANG, and DAVID GUCWA AND DOES 1-25,							
2324	Defendant. Defendants.							
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1	Plaintiff TheFacebook, Inc. ("TheFacebook") hereby alleges for its Complaint for
2	Violations of Plaintiffs Facebook, Inc. and Mark Zuckerberg hereby allege violations of California
3	Penal Code section 502(c), the Computer Fraud and Abuse Act, the Federal Can-Spam Act of
4	2003, Massachusetts General Law 93A § 2, and Common Law Misappropriation / Unfair
5	Competition <u>under California and Massachusetts law</u> , against <u>defendants Defendant</u> ConnectU
6	LLC, Inc., Cameron Winklevoss, Tyler Winklevoss, Howard Winklevoss, Divya Narendra,
7	Pacific Northwest Software, Inc., Winston Williams, Wayne Chang, David Gucwa, and Does 1-
8	25 inclusive (collectively, the "Defendants"), as follows:
9	PARTIES, JURISDICTION, AND VENUE
10	1. The Facebook Facebook, Inc. is a Delaware corporation incorporated in the State of
11	Delaware ("TheFacebook"), with its principal place of business at 471 Emerson Street, Palo Alto,
12	California. TheFacebook Facebook operates all of its servers in and/or from California-and has
13	done so since June 2004.
14	2. Mark Zuckerberg is an individual with a place of residence in the State of
15	<u>California.</u>
16	3. On information and belief, Defendant ConnectU, Inc. (formerly known as
17	ConnectU LLC-is a limited liability corporation of is incorporated in the State of Delaware
18	("ConnectU")Connecticut, with its principal place of business at 500 West Putnam Avenue,
19	Greenwich, Connecticut. ConnectU was at all relevant times during the wrongful acts
20	complained of herein doing business in California. ConnectU is an interactive website that
21	purports to provide certain website services to university students and alumni. ConnectU has
22	specifically targeted California universities <u>and students</u> in its business activities. For example,
23	ConnectU purports to have created "environments" for California universities, including but not
24	limited to University of California, Berkeley. <u>In addition, on information and belief, ConnectU</u>
25	sent commercial email to hundreds, if not thousands, of California residents. Its activities in
26	California have been substantial and continuous.
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TheFacebook is informed and believes and thereupon alleges that defendant Howard Winklevoss is Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereupon allege that Defendant Tyler Winklevoss is a citizen of the State of Connecticut. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereupon allege that Mr. Winklevoss was a resident of the State of Connecticut, and that he is a member of ConnectU. Howard Winklevoss is the father of Tyler and Cameron Winklevoss. TheFacebook is informed and believes and thereupon alleges that, in close contact with other Defendants, Howard Winklevoss had knowledge of the wrongful acts complained of herein and provided support for such activities, including but not limited to payment for and financing of the accused activities complained of herein. Massachusetts until at least June 2004. Mr. Winklevoss purports to be a founder of ConnectU. On information and belief, Mr. Winklevoss is and always has been an officer of ConnectU and held an equivalent position with ConnectU's predecessor, ConnectU LLC. As described below, Mr. Winklevoss has, in his individual capacity, engaged in conduct designed to harm Plaintiffs, when he knew Plaintiffs were located in California and that the harmful effects would be felt by Plaintiffs in California.

harm Plaintiffs, when he knew Plaintiffs were located in California and that the harmful effects

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would be felt by Plaintiffs in California.

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6. The Facebook is Plaintiffs are informed and believes believe and thereupon gesallege that defendant Defendant Divya Narendra ("Narendra") is currently a citizen of the te of Massachusetts. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereupon allege that Mr. rendra was a citizen of New York until late 2006, and a resident of the State of New York, that s one of the founders of ConnectU, and that he is a member of ConnectUMassachusetts from tember 2000 through June 2004. Mr. Narendra purports to be a founder of ConnectU. On ormation and belief. Mr. Narendra is an officer of ConnectU and held an equivalent position n ConnectU's predecessor, ConnectU LLC. As described below, Mr. Narendra has, in his ividual capacity, engaged in conduct designed to harm Plaintiffs, when he knew Plaintiffs e located in California and that the harmful effects would be felt by Plaintiffs in California. Narendra also personally hired at least one other person to assist in the conduct alleged ein.

<u>7.</u> Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereupon allege that Defendant Pacific Northwest Software, Inc. ("PNS") is incorporated in the State of Washington, with its principal place of business at 2210 177th Place, NE Redmond, Washington. On information and belief, PNS has entered into contracts with California residents and has derived substantial revenue from California residents. For example, in 2005 PNS issued a press release in which it announced a web development deal with the Chula Vista Elementary School District (located in California), pursuant to which PNS would develop internet "portals" for 50 sites (including 43 district schools) that would be available to the public. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereupon allege that ConnectU and/or its founders hired PNS to gain unauthorized access to Facebook's servers and website and to take, without permission, information found therein. Plaintiffs are informed and believe that PNS has entered into contracts in California, has clients in California, has received revenue from California residents, has solicited website users from California, has advertised in California, and has traveled to this state. As described below, PNS and its agents engaged in conduct designed to harm Plaintiffs, when they knew Plaintiffs were located in California and that the harmful effects would be felt by Plaintiffs in California.

- 8. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereupon allege that Defendant Winston Williams is a citizen of the State of Washington, and that he helped the Defendants develop a software application designed to hack into www.facebook.com and steal information. As described below, Mr. Williams has engaged in conduct designed to harm Plaintiffs, when he knew Plaintiffs were located in California and that the harmful effects would be felt by Plaintiffs in California. Mr. Williams has, at various times, been employed by ConnectU and PNS.
- 9. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereupon allege that Defendant Wayne Chang is a citizen of the State of Massachusetts, and that he was hired by ConnectU and/or its founders to gain unauthorized access to Plaintiffs' server and website and to misappropriate information found therein. As described below, Mr. Chang has engaged in conduct designed to harm Plaintiffs, when he knew Plaintiffs were located in California and that the harmful effects would be felt by Plaintiffs in California. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereupon allege that Defendant Chang is currently employed by Defendant PNS.
- 10. Plaintiffs are informed and believe and thereupon allege that Defendant David
 Gucwa is a citizen of the State of Massachusetts, and that he was hired by ConnectU and/or its
 founders and/or Defendant Chang to gain unauthorized access to Plaintiffs' server and website
 and to misappropriate information found therein. As described below, Mr. Gucwa has engaged in
 conduct designed to harm Plaintiffs, when he knew Plaintiffs were located in California and that
 the harmful effects would be felt by Plaintiffs in California.
- 11. 7. TheFacebook hasPlaintiffs have not yet fully and independently identified the true names and capacities of the defendantsDefendants sued herein as Does 1-25, inclusive, and therefore sues those defendantsDefendants by such fictitious names. TheFacebook reservesPlaintiffs reserve the right to amend this complaint to allege such defendantsDefendants' true names and capacities when they are ascertained. TheFacebook isPlaintiffs are informed and believesbelieve and thereupon allegesallege that each of the fictitiously designated defendantsDefendants has been acting as a partner, contractor, joint venturer, agent, or employee of one or more of the named Defendants and that each is jointly and severally responsible for the acts and omissions complained of herein.

1	12. 8. Venue Jurisdiction and jurisdiction venue are proper in this jurisdiction pursuant
2	to California Code Federal Rules of Civil Procedure §§ 393, 395, 410.10 and 1060, as well as
3	California Penal Code §§ 502(e)(1) and 502(jSections 1331, 1332, 1391(b) and (c). The cause of
4	action arose, and the injuries described herein occurred primarily or wholly within, the County of
5	Santa Clara, as did. The wrongful acts causing such injuries, were initiated at various times from
6	the States of Massachusetts, New York, and Connecticut and directed at persons and equipment
7	<u>in California.</u>
8	GENERAL ALLEGATIONS
9	A. TheFacebook
10	A. Mark Zuckerberg
11	13. Mark Zuckerberg is a former Harvard student who, in June 2004, took a leave of
12	absence from school to come to California. He hoped to launch a successful business. He
13	succeeded and decided to stay in California.
14	B. Facebook
15	14. 9. TheFacebook Facebook is an interactive computer service which that enables
16	social networking amongst present and former university students. Plaintiffs have been operating
17	the popular website, www.facebook.com, from California since June 2004. During all relevant
18	times herein, Plaintiffs are informed and believe that Defendants were aware that
19	www.facebook.com operated from California.
20	15. 10. TheFacebook Facebook is an industry leader in the business of social
21	networking for college students. It currently has over three 19 million registered users.
22	16. 11. In order to legally access user profiles data and other specific information on
23	TheFacebook's web sitePlaintiffs' website, one must register and thereby agree to
24	TheFacebook's Plaintiffs' Terms of Use ("Terms of Use") and its Privacy Policy ("Privacy
25	Policy"). Plaintiffs have authorized access only to those individuals who agree to the Terms of
26	Use. The use of any information on the Facebook website contrary to the Terms of Use is
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28	The website was originally called www.thefacebook.com. To avoid confusion, Plaintiffs refer to the site by its current name.

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1	unauthorized. Enabling users of the Facebook website to control the level of privacy to their		
2	personal information is of utmost importance to Plaintiffs and the success of their business.		
3	Facebook users are expected to respect the privacy of other users and abide by the Privacy Policy		
4	and Terms of Use. During all relevant times herein, Defendants were aware of these policies.		
5	12. By registering, and becoming a member, the user gains personal access to other		
6	profiles within his or her University (i.e., to profiles of other students and alumni), as well as to		
7	the profiles of friends at other Universities that have explicitly granted such user access.		
8	<u>17.</u> The Terms of Use and the Privacy Policy have, at all times since the launch of		
9	TheFacebook's web site Facebook's website, prohibited all commercial use and access to data and		
10	communications therein, except as explicitly authorized by TheFacebook Plaintiffs.		
11	18. 14. From at least January 2005 until June 27, 2005, February 2004, the Terms of		
12	Use provided as follows (aside, on information and belief, from non-substantive modifications):		
13	The Web site is for the personal use of individual Members only and may not be		
14	used in connection with any commercial endeavors. Organizations, companies, and/or businesses may not become Members and should not use the Service or the Web site for any purpose. Illegal and/or unauthorized uses of the Web site.		
Web site for any purpose. Illegal and/or unauthorized uses of the Web site including collecting email addresses or other contact information of member electronic or other means for the purpose of sending unsolicited email and			
16	unauthorized framing of or linking to the Web site will be investigated, and appropriate legal action will be taken, including without limitation, civil, criminal,		
17	and injunctive redress."		
18	(Emphasis added.) In addition, it provided that:		
19	You may not engage in advertising to, or solicitation of, other Members to buy or sell any products or services through the Service. You may not transmit any chain		
20	letters or junk email to other members. Although Thefacebook cannot monitor the conduct of its members off the Web site, it is also a violation of these rules to use		
21	any information obtained from the Service in order to harass, abuse, or harm another person, or in order to advertise to, solicit, or sell to any member without		
22	their prior consent.		
23	Lastly, it affirmed:		
24	Thefacebook owns and retains all proprietary rights in the Web site and the Service. The Web site contains the copyrighted material, trademarks, and other		
25	proprietary information of Thefacebook, and its licensors. Except for that information which is in the public domain or for which you have been given		
26	written permission, you may not copy, modify, publish, transmit, distribute, perform, display, or sell any such proprietary information.		
27	perform, display, or sen any sach proprietary information.		
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19. By registering, and becoming a member, the user may have access to view the personal data of other users within his or her college (*i.e.*, other students and alumni), as well as to the personal data of friends at other schools who have explicitly granted such user access. Each user has the ability to add his or her own personal identifying information and determine who may view it. Such personal information may include his or her relationship status, birth date, phone numbers, email address, and home address. Each item of personal information is provided only by the user, and none of it is required in order to be a member of the website. At the relevant times, the default privacy setting on a user's account limited a user's access to a school network, but any user could have further limited access by selecting a more strict privacy setting such that only her confirmed friends could view her information. Even now, the default setting provides a limited view of a user's personal information, and the user has the option to make no information available publicly.

- 20. 15. The Facebook Plaintiffs also restricts restrict access to and has have always used its their best efforts to keep confidential its aggregate customer lists and other their proprietary user and system information, as from unauthorized uses and parties.
- 21. 16. TheFacebook hasPlaintiffs have generally expended substantial effort, money and time in developing the informational components of its web sitewebsite, as well as its aggregate customeruser base. The data on the TheFacebook'sPlaintiffs' computers, computers systems, and computer networks is highly valuable.
- 22. At different times from the winter or spring of 2004 through at least 2005,

 Defendants Cameron and Tyler Winklevoss, Divya Narendra, Wayne Chang, Winston Williams,
 and David Gucwa knowingly circumvented the Terms of Use for the Facebook website by
 illicitly employing the user IDs and passwords of friends who were registered members of the
 Facebook website to mask Defendants' real identities. These defendants took these actions in
 order to gain access to the site and to steal information and data for commercial purposes, as well
 as to advertise to and solicit members of the Facebook website to join www.connectu.com. Both
 Defendants and the friends who provided Defendants with their user IDs and passwords did so

1	cognizant that such use was intended to harm Plaintiffs. Defendants' actions were at all times
2	intentionally aimed at, and the effects were felt by, Plaintiffs in California.
3	23. The users whose passwords Defendants (including, at least, Messrs. Winklevoss,
4	Narendra, Chang, and Gucwa) used to knowingly and improperly access the Facebook website in
5	California for commercial purposes and in violation of Plaintifffs' Terms of Use include, but were
6	not limited to, user IDs and passwords associated with the email addresses carlsson@stanford.edu
7	and stinab8@ucla.edu. The use of such user IDs and passwords for commercial purposes by
8	<u>Defendants in violation of Plaintiffs' Terms of Use harmed Plaintiffs in California. Defendants</u>
9	knew that such actions were improper, and that the harm would be uniquely felt by Plaintiffs in
10	<u>California.</u>
11	B. B. Unauthorized Access, Misappropriation, and Commercial Use by Defendants
12	24. 17. ConnectU is a direct competitor of TheFacebook, and similarly offers an
13	interactive computer service which enables that purports to enable social networking amongst
14	present and former university students.
15	25. 18. ConnectU has attempted to aggressively compete with
16	TheFacebook. Facebook.
17	<u>Beginning in 2004, and upon information and belief continuing through and</u>
18	including 2005, ConnectU and/or its founders hired PNS, Winston Williams, Wayne Chang, and
19	David Gucwa to write software to gain access, without permission, to Plaintiffs' website and steal
20	information, including email addresses and personal user information. ConnectU and/or its
21	founders also requested that friends of the founders, such as Divya Narendra's friend Deva
22	Mishra, attempt on behalf of ConnectU and the founders to violate Plaintiffs' Terms of Use and
23	steal email addresses; personal user information such as birthdates, addresses, and phone
24	numbers; course information; and other data from the Facebook website so that ConnectU could
25	solicit Facebook users (including users of the Facebook website located in California) to join
26	www.connectu.com. ConnectU, Messrs. Winklevoss and Narendra knew the harm from such
27	activities would be felt by Plaintiffs in California. They directed their activities through third

1 parties such as Deva Mishra knowing that the activities would result in the solicitation of 2 California-based Facebook members to join the website www.connectu.com. 3 27. In the Spring 2004, Tyler and Cameron Winklevoss and Divya Narendra hired 4 iMarc, a website developer, to help build the ConnectU website. On or around June 11, 2004, 5 "the boyz from" ConnectU asked iMarc to 6 write a little script that logs into www.thefacebook.com, loops through http://www.thefacebook.com/profile.php?id=xxxxx 7 replacing xxxxx with numbers to grab people's email addresses. 8 iMarc refused, because its employees believed that the request was unethical. Despite iMarc's 9 caution against such activity, on July 22, 2004, "the boyz from" ConnectU "sent thousands of 10 invite emails [over a 12 hour period]. Every single one was sent using a bogus 'From' address: 11" For example, some of the "invite emails" purported to come from "god@harvard.edu." 12 Many of these emails were sent to California college students via email addresses extracted from 13 the Facebook website. The email addresses were obtained by ConnectU, Messrs. Winklevoss and 14 Narendra through their illicit use of third party user accounts on the Facebook website. The 15 "invite emails" did not indicate that they contained an advertisement for users to join a competing 16 website, www.connectu.com. iMarc's relationship with ConnectU soured and ended shortly after 17 this incident. Messrs. Winklevoss engaged Wayne Chang, PNS and Winston Williams to 18 28. 19 develop a computer program designed to retrieve user account names, personal data (including email addresses and personal data of such user's "friends") from Facebook and its servers located 20 21 in California. Mr. Chang hired David Gucwa, a computer programmer, to write the programs 22 necessary to retrieve email accounts, course information and other data from the Facebook 23 website and Plaintiffs' servers in California. Mr. Chang and Mr. Gucwa, with the knowledge and 24 support of ConnectU, Cameron Winklevoss, Tyler Winklevoss, and Divya Narendra, collaborated 25 with PNS and Mr. Williams to achieve the goal of writing programs to retrieve email account 26 27 All quotes in this complaint are taken directly from documents produced in response to 28 discovery requests. OHS West: 260299058.1260241014.1 - 1010 -

information,	course	information	and	other	data	from	the	Facebook	website	and	its	servers	s in
California.													

<u>29.</u> Mr. Chang, in aid of his "partners" Tyler Winklevoss, Cameron Winklevoss and Divya Narendra, provided Mr. Gucwa with fake and/or "borrowed" user accounts, including (but not limited to) stinab8@ucla.edu and carlsson@stanford.edu, and gave him specific instructions to play "cat and mouse" with Facebook. Mr. Chang noted that Facebook was "run by a techie," a reference that upon information and belief was to California resident Mark Zuckerberg, so they should "be careful." Mr. Gucwa indeed wrote a "script" that worked in two steps: it retrieved the user ids and then the user profile information. It was a slow process, according to Mr. Gucwa, "because the program has to "descend" into each separate profile for each separate friend." Mr. Gucwa eventually "[w]rote a script that catches up to 10k [user i.d.s] at a time." Mr. Chang was pleased by this news because he wanted to "seed ConnectU as much as possible." The "good news," he said, "is that I'm sending thefacebook several thousand requests in a couple minutes and they haven't blocked my IP yet." Mr. Chang was concerned, of course, about setting off "huge" alarms at Facebook, and wondered how they could steal the information "faster." On January 27, 2005, Mr. Gucwa boasted that he had implemented the program he developed to collect 46,000 "ids" from the Facebook website.

30. The programs that Mr. Chang, Mr. Gucwa, Mr. Williams, and PNS developed in 2005 to misappropriate Facebook email account and other information so that ConnectU could spam Facebook users with invitations to join www.connectu.com were called variously "importer," "Facebook importer," "crawler," "grabFacebook.php," "grabFacebook2.php," and "Social Butterfly." Upon information and belief, ConnectU, Cameron Winklevoss, Tyler Winklevoss, and Divya Narendra knew about the actions of Mr. Chang, Mr. Gucwa. Mr. Williams, and PNS, were familiar with the importer, Facebook importer, crawler, grabFacebook.php, grabFacebook2.php, and Social Butterfly programs and their purposes, and were aware that the programs required access to Plaintiffs' servers in California in order for the programs to have their intended effects. Upon information and belief, the intended effects of these programs included, but were not limited to, crawling the Facebook website, illicitly

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1	importing without permission email addresses and personal user information into the
2	www.connectu.com website, and soliciting via spam email with false and/or misleading header
3	information Facebook users, including users located in California, to join the www.connectu.com
4	website. Such misleading header information included false information suggesting that the
5	invitation was not a commercial advertisement and that the spam request had originated as a
6	result of the stated wishes of third parties. Instead, on information and belief, the commercial
7	advertisement emails were sent by Defendants.
8	31. Upon information and belief, among other methods Mr. Chang, Mr. Gucwa, Mr.

- ſr. Willams and PNS (with the support and knowledge of ConnectU, Cameron Winkleyoss, Tyler Winkleyss, and Divya Narenda) "spoofed" the Facebook website to gain access to email account and other information. Said "spoofing" was accomplished by using an email header or browser to make it appear as though the communication link originated from someone other than a source associated with Mr. Chang, Mr. Gucwa, Mr. Williams or PNS. Upon information and belief, Defendants "spoofed" the website to illicitly circumvent the Facebook website security measures designed to prevent parties such as Defendants from hacking into the Facebook website in order to steal data contained on the Facebook website and its California servers.
- In February 2005, Mr. Chang was notified that his account had been suspended <u>32.</u> because the web service Defendants were using had received complaints from someone at Facebook that its California servers had been attacked through the web service. The web service indicated that it noticed a significant amount of activity and wondered what Defendants' interest in www.facebook.com was. In response, Mr. Chang notified defendants Cameron Winklevoss, PNS (through its CEO, John Taves), Mr. Williams, and Mr. Gucwa that Facebook learned of their activity. Mr. Chang described a method for working around the suspended account and asked Mr. Williams, Mr. Gucwa, PNS and others to provide thoughts on how best to work around Plaintiffs' website security mechanisms. Mr. Winklevoss then indicated to these other defendants that the "importer" script, designed to breach Facebook's security mechanisms in order to steal user data, was top priority for them.

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1	33. <u>In late 2004, Messrs. Winklevoss and Narendra hired defendants PNS and</u>
2	Williams to help develop the connectu.com website. PNS/Mr. Williams joined forces with
3	Messrs. Chang and Gucwa to develop the "importer/crawler" program, as well as the Social
4	Butterfly program. All Defendants knew the "importer/crawler" and Social Butterfly programs
5	would be used to spam and solicit California-based and other users of the Facebook website to
6	invite them to join the ConnectU website. On information and belief, all Defendants also knew
7	that the "importer/crawler" and/or Social Butterfly programs employed misleading email header
8	information that failed to indicate the solicitation was a commercial advertisement and/or which
9	failed to apprise the solicited Facebook account holder that the email had not actually been sent
10	by the person from whom it appeared to be sent. In early 2005, Mr. Williams logged many hours
11	developing the "importer" program and stealing millions of emails from www.facebook.com
12	website, including emails of users located in California and known to Mr. Williams and the other
13	Defendants to be associated with California schools. Much of his activity was targeted at
14	<u>California residents.</u>
15	34. In 2004 and 2005, ConnectU, Messrs. Winklevoss, Narendra and Chang received
16	multiple complaints related to the spamming of Facebook users. In March of 2005, ConnectU,
17	Cameron Winklevoss, Tyler Winklevoss, and Divya Narendra were specifically informed by one
18	or more of the other Defendants that "some person from thefacebook" identified how the
19	"headers" used by ConnectU worked, and why the spamming of Facebook users (including those
20	based in California) had generated complaints. Upon information and belief, the headers that
21	Defendants were aware created these complaints were email headers originating from
22	connectu.com, and were misleading because they did not identify the solicitations as commercial
23	solicitations and did not accurately reflect that the email originated from the administrators of
24	connectu.com rather than friends of the Facebook users who received the email.
25	<u>35.</u> <u>Through its actions, ConnectU and the other Defendants have</u> gained
26	unauthorized access to TheFacebook's web site, Plaintiffs' servers and network. They have
27	takenstolen extensive amounts of proprietary and personal user data from TheFacebook Plaintiffs,
28	including but not limited to user data such as email addresses and other protected data collected

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and/or created by TheFacebook. At least some of the emails and related data Defendants took without authorization was from numerous individuals that personal identifying information collected in Plaintiffs' servers. The Defendants' actions, which included using other users' accounts and passwords (as well as fake accounts and passwords), violated Plaintiffs' Terms of Use and Privacy Policy. Defendants' actions affected thousands, if not millions, of individuals who had no direct contact or prior business relationship with ConnectU. At least some of those individuals were Their actions had a direct effect on thousands of California residents, including (but not limited to) students at UCLA, the University of California at Berkeley and Stanford.

- 36. At the time of Defendants' unauthorized access, all users were required to register and abide by the website's Terms of Use and Privacy Policy. The Terms of Use in effect at the time of Defendants' unauthorized access of the www.facebook.com prohibited use of the website for commercial endeavors. In addition, the Terms of Use prohibited the collection of email addresses or other contact information of Plaintiffs' members for the purpose of sending unsolicited e-mail, including unsolicited e-mail to California-based users of the Facebook website. Defendants' activity violated Plaintiffs' Terms of Use and Privacy Policy.
- 20. On information and belief, Defendants willfully and maliciously engaged in unauthorized access to, and unauthorized appropriation of, TheFacebook'sPlaintiffs' data, computers, computer systems, and computer networks, at least in part in the hope of gaining competitive advantage for ConnectU through such activities and to avoid the effort, time and money needed to develop such data, customeruser lists, and other matter on its own. At the time of Defendants' unauthorized access via importer, Facebook importer, crawler, grabFacebook.php, grabFaceboo2.php, and the solicitation of Facebook users via Social Butterfly, Plaintiffs and/or their data, computers, computer systems and computer networks were principally located in California.
- 38. Defendants sought commercial gain and competitive advantage through their unauthorized access as explained, in May 2004, by Cameron Winklevoss to his father, when he described how he and his colleagues would steal course information and other data from www.facebook.com in order to launch connectu.com with as many or more schools than

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SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT

as their commercial purpose, and at least some of the __Defendants carried out such wrongful acts willfully and maliciously.

- 26. The Facebook is Plaintiffs are informed and believes believe and thereupon alleges allege that Defendants and/or those similarly situated may continue to engage in such unauthorized access and unauthorized appropriations in the future. In addition, The Facebook is Plaintiffs are informed and believes believe and thereupon alleges allege that Defendants continue to exploit The Facebook's proprietary and valuable the misappropriated data for their own commercial benefit, to The Facebook's Plaintiffs' detriment. Plaintiffs do not have an adequate remedy at law.
- 45. Defendants were aware at all times from the summer of 2004 through the present that their actions would harm Plaintiffs in California. For instance, in January, 2006, Defendant Williams discussed with attorneys for ConnectU how many California student members of Facebook had been spammed by ConnectU through the combined use of the Facebook importer/crawler, grabFacebook.php/grabFacebook2.php, and Social Butterfly.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violation of California Penal Code § 502(c)—__Against All Defendants)

- <u>46.</u> <u>27. TheFacebookPlaintiffs</u> hereby <u>realleges reallege</u> and <u>incorporates incorporate</u> by reference paragraphs 1 through <u>26,45</u>, inclusive, of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- <u>47.</u> <u>28.</u> Defendants have knowingly and without permission accessed, caused to be accessed, and used <u>TheFacebook's data, Plaintiffs'</u> computers, computer systems, <u>and computer</u> networks, <u>and data stored therein</u>, in order to wrongfully obtain and control data, <u>web site website</u> components, and other information of monetary value.
- 48. 29. Defendants have knowingly and without permission taken, copied, and made use of data from TheFacebook's Plaintiffs' computers, computer systems, and computer networks, as well as taken and copied related resident data.
- 49. 30. Defendants have knowingly and without permission provided or assisted in providing a means of accessing TheFacebook's Plaintiffs' computers, computer systems, and computer networks in violation of California Penal Code Section 502. Furthermore, Defendants

1	have knowingly instructed others to access, use, and copy TheFacebook's information from
2	<u>Plaintiffs'</u> computers, computer systems, and computer networks, without permission.
3	<u>50.</u> <u>31.</u> Defendants' unauthorized access and use has damaged and caused loss to
4	TheFacebook Plaintiffs.
5	<u>51.</u> Defendants' actions constitute violations of California Penal Code section
6	502(c).
7	SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION
8	(Common Law Misappropriation / Unfair Competition— <u>under Massachusetts and</u> <u>California Law</u> —Against All Defendants)
9	<u>52.</u> <u>33. TheFacebookPlaintiffs</u> hereby <u>realleges reallege</u> and <u>incorporates incorporate</u> by
10	reference paragraphs 1 through 32,51, inclusive, of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
11	<u>53.</u> <u>34. TheFacebook hasPlaintiffs</u> expended considerable time and money developing
12	thetheir commercially valuable eustomer lists, web siteuser base (including account information),
13	website components, network, and other information specified in this complaint
14	(" TheFacebook Facebook's Information").
15	<u>54.</u> <u>35.</u> Defendants have taken such information and without authorization used,
16	disclosed, and held out as their own TheFacebook Facebook's Information, without compensation
17	to TheFacebook Facebook.
18	<u>55.</u> <u>Defendants' unauthorized access, use and disclosure of Facebook's Information</u>
19	was the result of the deceptive and unfair actions described above.
20	<u>56.</u> As a consequence, <u>TheFacebook hasPlaintiffs have</u> been harmed.
21	TheFacebook is Plaintiffs are informed and believes believe, and on that basis alleges allege, that
22	Defendants' acts and conduct constitute common law misappropriation / unfair competition and
23	were carried out willfully, fraudulently, maliciously, and with the wanton disregard of
24	TheFacebook's Plaintiffs' rights, thereby entitling TheFacebook Plaintiffs to compensatory and
25	punitive damages to be proven at trial.
26	THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION (X) Let's SM and Let's Control of the Contr
27	(Violation of Massachusetts General Law 93A § 2 – Against All Defendants)
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- <u>57.</u> <u>Plaintiffs hereby reallege and incorporate by reference paragraphs 1 through 56,</u> inclusive, of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 58. Defendants' actions in gaining unauthorized access to www.facebook.com, misappropriating data, and sending unsolicited emails are unlawful, unfair, and deceptive.
- 59. Plaintiffs have been harmed as a direct consequence of Defendants' unlawful actions.
- 60. <u>Defendants' unlawful, unfair and deceptive actions are in violation of</u>
 Massachusetts General Law 93A.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION (Violation of 15 U.S.C. §§ 7704(a)(1), (2), (3) and 7705 – Against All Defendants)

- 61. Plaintiffs hereby reallege and incorporate by reference paragraphs 1 through 60, inclusive, of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.
- 62. Defendants accessed Facebook's computer system without authorization and intentionally initiated the transmission of multiple commercial electronic mail messages through Plaintiffs' computer system. Said commercial electronic mail messages contained materially false and/or materially misleading header information. The header information was materially false and/or misleading because it included a technically accurate originating electronic mail address, domain name, and/or Internet Protocol address purporting to be from a particular Facebook user, but the access to the email address for purposes of initiating the message was obtained by means of false or fraudulent pretenses or representations.
- 63. Defendants initiated the transmission of a commercial electronic mail message with actual knowledge, or knowledge fairly implied on the basis of objective circumstances, that the subject heading of their email solicitations to Facebook users would be likely to mislead a recipient, acting reasonably under the circumstances, about a material fact regarding the contents or subject matter of the message because the message did not indicate that Defendants sent the email, that the email was an advertisement to join www.connectu.com, or that the email was not initiated by the sender from whom it appeared to be initiated.

1	64. On information and belief, Defendants initiated commercial electronic mail		
2	messages that did not contain a functioning return electronic mail address (e.g.,		
3	god@harvard.edu, jstarr@georgetown.edu, jstarr@amherst.edu, and jstarr@dartmouth.edu) or		
4	other Internet-based mechanism, to provide the recipient to submit, in a manner specified in the		
5	message, a reply electronic mail message or other form of Internet-based communication		
6	requesting not to receive future commercial electronic mail messages from ConnectU, Messrs.		
7	Winklevoss and/or Narendra at the electronic mail address where the message was received.		
8	65. ConnectU, Messrs. Winklevoss and Narendra promoted, or allowed the promotion		
9	of www.connectu.com in a commercial electronic mail message, the transmission of which is in		
10	violation of 15 U.S.C. § 7704 (a)(1) because they knew or should have known in the ordinary		
11	course of their business that www.connectu.com was being promoted in such a message; they		
12	received or expected to receive an economic benefit from such promotion; and they took no		
13	reasonable action to prevent the transmission.		
14	66. Defendants knowingly and willfully collected electronic mail addresses and other		
15	information from www.facebook.com using automated means.		
16	67. At the time of Defendants actions, Plaintiffs' website contained a notice that		
17	member electronic mail addresses were not to be given, sold, or otherwise transferred to any other		
18	<u>party.</u>		
19	68. Defendants' actions constitute violations of the Federal Can-Spam Act of 2003, 15		
20	<u>U.S.C. § 7701 et. seq.</u>		
21	FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION		
22	(Violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1030 – Against All Defendants)		
23	69. Plaintiffs hereby reallege and incorporate by reference paragraphs 1 through 68,		
24	inclusive, of this complaint as though fully set forth herein.		
	70. Defendants knowingly and with intent to defraud accessed Plaintiffs' computers		
25	without authorization.		
26	71. <u>Defendants' conduct involved interstate communications.</u>		
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SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT

1	72. Through their unauthorized access, Defendants obtained information of values.	<u>ie from</u>	
2	Plaintiffs' computers.		
3	73. Defendants' actions were committed for the purpose of commercial advanta	ge.	
4	<u>74.</u> <u>Defendants' actions damaged and caused loss to Plaintiffs.</u>		
5	<u>75.</u> <u>Defendants' actions constitute violations of the Computer Fraud and Abuse</u>	Act,	
6	<u>18 U.S.C. § 1030.</u>		
7	PRAYER FOR RELIEF		
8	WHEREFORE, based upon the foregoing, TheFacebook praysPlaintiffs pra	<u>y</u> for	
9	the following relief:		
10	1. An entry of judgment in favor of TheFacebook Plaintiffs and against all Defa	endants	
11	on all causes of action.		
12	2. Compensatory, consequential, and incidental damages including, without		
13	limitation, compensatory damages reasonably incurred by TheFacebook Plaintiffs to verify that		
14	each incidence of Defendants' access did not alter, damage, or otherwise harm the integrity of		
15	TheFacebook's Plaintiffs' computer systems, computer networks, computer programs, or the data		
16	stored thereon, pursuant to California Penal Code § 502(e)(1);		
17	3. Exemplary and punitive damages in an amount to exceed \$25,000, as provided to exceed \$25,000.	led by	
18	law, including exemplary damages under California Civil Code § 3426.3(c) and punitive da	amages	
19	under California Penal Code § 502(e)(4) (exemplary or punitive damages);		
20	4. Economic damages under 18 U.S.C. § 1030 (a)(5)(B)(i);		
21	5. Compensatory damages under 18 U.S.C. § 1030 (a)(4), including the cost of	<u> </u>	
22	responding to Defendants' actions, conducting a damage assessment, and restoring the syst	em to	
23	its condition prior to Defendants' actions, and revenue lost, cost incurred and other consequential		
24	damages incurred;		
25	6. Statutory damages under 15 U.S.C. § 7701, et seq., calculated as the number	<u>c of</u>	
26	violations multiplied by up to \$250, in an amount not to exceed \$2,000,000;		
27	7. Aggravated damages under 15 U.S.C. § 7701, in an amount not to exceed the	<u>ree</u>	
28	times the amount of statutory damages available;		
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SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT

1	<u>8.</u>	4. General damages in an amount to exceed \$25,000;		
2	<u>9.</u>	5. An accounting to establish, and an order requiring disgorgement of, the sums by		
3	which Defendants have been unjustly enriched, at any time, including that resulting from			
4	Defendants' use of TheFacebook Facebook's Information;			
5	<u>10.</u>	6. Pre-judgment and post-judgment interest at the maximum rate allowed by law;		
6	<u>11.</u>	7. Injunctive relief which assures that any future misappropriation of		
7	TheFacebook's Plaintiffs' commercial proprietary and other information be immediately stopped			
8	on the part of Defendants and other appropriate persons and/or entities, irrespective of whether			
9	any such Def	endant, other person and/or entities is under the control of any (other) Defendant;		
10	<u>12.</u>	8. All injunctive relief allowed under California Penal Code § 502(c) et seq.		
11	<u>13.</u>	9. Further equitable relief in the most appropriate form that will have the effect of		
12	"undoing" any past and current misappropriations of TheFacebook Facebook's commercial			
13	proprietary and other information on the part of Defendants and other appropriate persons and/or			
14	entities, irrespective of whether under the control of any of Defendants;			
15	<u>14.</u>	10. Attorneys' fees and costs incurred by virtue of this action, if authorized by		
16	law— <u> i</u> nclu	ading attorneys=' fees and costs authorized by California Penal Code § 502(e)(2);		
17	Civil Code §	1021.5; <u>15 U.S.C. § 7701 et seq.</u> , and		
18	<u>15.</u>	11. Such other relief, in law or equity, as the Court may deem just and appropriate		
19	in the circum	stances.		
20		JURY DEMAND		
21		Plaintiff hereby demands a trial by jury for all issues which may be tried by jury.		
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1	Dated: August 17, 2005 May 30, 2007 G. HOPKINS GUY, III I. NEEL CHATTERJEE
2	MONTE M. F. COOPER JOSHUA H. WALKER THERESA A SUTTON
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6	
7	G. HOPKINS GUY, III
8	/-/ J. No1 Ch44
9	/s/ I. Neel Chatterjee /s/ I. Neel Chatterjee
10	Attorneys for Plaintiff Plaintiffs THEFACEBOOK, INC.
11	<u>FACEBOOK, INC. and MARK ZUCKERBERG</u>
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